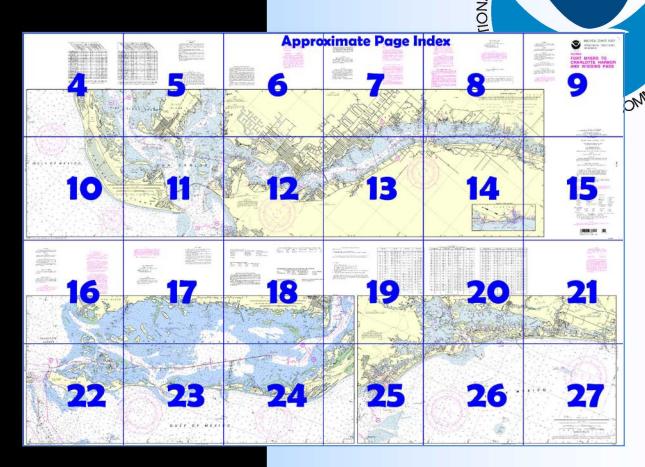
# **BookletChart**

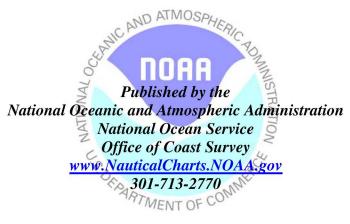
# Fort Myers to Charlotte Harbor And Wiggins Pass (NOAA Chart 11427)



A reduced scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters. When possible, use the full size NOAA chart for navigation.

- ☑ Complete, reduced scale nautical chart
- ✓ Print at home for free
- ✓ Convenient size
- ☑ Up to date with all Notices to Mariners
- ☑ United States Coast Pilot excerpts
- ☑ Compiled by NOAA, the nation's C AND ATMOSPHER chartmaker.





# What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

# What is a BookletChart<sup>™</sup>?

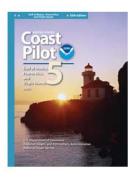
This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at <a href="http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov">http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</a>.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

# **Notice to Mariners Correction Status**

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.



[Coast Pilot 5, Chapter 4 excerpts] (248) A dredged channel leads from Punta Rassa to Fort Myers. The channel is well marked by lights, daybeacons, and ranges. The midchannel depth was 8 feet. (252) Glover has a marina with slips for 50 to

(252) **Glover** has a marina with slips for 50 to 60 foot vessels. An anchorage basin E of the slips had a depth of 7 feet with shoaling in the SE corner.

(253) **Iona Cove**. A privately marked channel leads to a small-craft basin. The depths were 5½ feet in the channel and 6 feet in the basin.

Several oyster bars are close to the entrance channel; caution is advised. (254) A boat basin is on the S side of the river 2.2 miles above Shell Point; berths with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, and a launching ramp are available.

(256) A privately marked channel, which had a depth of 7 feet, leads to a marina in Cape Coral Yacht Basin W of Redfish Point. There were

depths of 4½ to 13 feet in the basin and lagoons. Berths with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, marine supplies, pumpout station, and launching ramps were available. The harbormaster, monitors VHF-FM channel 16 from 0800 to 1800 daily; telephone, 813-574-0809. (257) There was 5 feet in the privately marked channel leading to the W entrance to the lagoons at the W half of the Cape Coral developments. (259) **Deep Lagoon** provides anchorage and moorings for drafts up to 7 feet. The depth in the channel leading to the lagoon was 5 feet. A marina in the lagoon has gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, marine supplies, and

(260) A privately marked channel leads to a yacht club 0.5 mile NE of Deep Lagoon. The yacht club has water, ice, gasoline, diesel fuel, and marine supplies. The entrance channel had a depth of 5 feet and the basin 5 feet

launching ramps.

(262) **Whiskey Creek** has a privately marked channel with a depth of 2 feet. A bridge, with a clearance of 12 feet at the center, crosses the creek 0.1 mile above the mouth.

(263) A privately marked channel leads W from the river to a small-craft basin 3 miles SW of the Edison Memorial Bridge. Depths of 5 feet were in the channel, and 6 feet in the basin. A marina in the basin has berths with water and electricity for boats up to 48 feet long.

(264) **Waterway Estates**. Lagoons have been dredged to provide homesites. A channel leading to a basin and marina had a depth of 5 feet with 3 to 5 feet in the basins and lagoons. Submerged obstructions were in the entrance channel. Berths with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, marine supplies, are available at the marina.

(265) **Hancock Creek** leads to a housing development upstream. The depth was 3½ feet in the entrance channel; thence 7 feet in the creek. The channel to the creek entrance and the channel are well marked by private daybeacons. A bridge, 0.3 mile above the mouth, has a clearance of 13 feet. A marina in the lagoon that branches E just inside the creek has berths with electricity, water, ice, gasoline, diesel fuel, and sewage pumpout.

(272) **Small-craft facilities.** There are small-craft facilities on both sides of the **Caloosahatchee River** in the vicinity of Fort Myers.

(273) **Fort Myers Yacht Yacht Basin** is between the Edison Memorial Bridge and the Caloosahatchee Bridge. A **dockmaster** assigns berths (day, 941-334-8371); VHF-FM channel 16 is monitored.

(277) **Manatees.** Regulated speed zones for the protection of manatees are in the Caloosahatchee River from San Carlos Bay to the Edison Memorial Bridge (U.S. 41) and in **Orange River** and at its confluence with Caloosahatchee River 5 miles above Edison Memorial Bridge. (278) The **Okeechobee Waterway** is a shallow passage across Florida.

(278) The **Okeechobee Waterway** is a shallow passage across Florida. The Federal project provides for a channel 8 feet deep from Fort Myers to the Intracoastal Waterway near Stuart.

(280) **Matlacha Pass** is navigable for drafts of 2 to 3 feet, but the channel, marked by private daybeacons, is narrow and crooked and has numerous oyster bars. This channel is not recommended without local knowledge.

(281) The bridge between Little Pine Island and West Island has a clearance of 4 feet and the bridge between West Island and the mainland is a clearance of 9 feet.. Gasoline, water, ice, marine supplies, launching ramps, and some engine repairs can be obtained at the small piers near the bridge.

(284) **Sanibel Island**. A large portion of the island is part of the J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge.

(285) A fish haven marked by private buoys and an unmarked fish haven are 3 and 8 miles SW of Sanibel Island Light, respectively.

(286) **Blind Pass** is unmarked and subject to change. The pass was bare and impassable. A bridge over the pass has a 38-foot fixed span with a clearance of 7 feet.

(288) **Redfish Pass** is winding and difficult, with strong currents and frequent changes in depth and position. The pass should not be attempted without local knowledge. The depth was 6 feet. A partially submerged groin is on the S side of the pass. Fishing boats frequently use the pass.

# **Table of Selected Chart Notes**

# HEIGHTS

Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

# WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

# CAUTION

Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

# INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS

INTROCOAL WATERWAY AIDS
THE U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts, and the exact meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is consulted.
Aids to navigation marking the Intracoastal Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other waterways.

When following the Intracoastal Waterway westward from the Caloosahatchee River to Anclote, FL, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starboard side of the vessel and

kept on the starboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side of the vessel. A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navi-gation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

# CAUTION

Small craft should stay clear of large commercial and government vessels even if small craft have the right-of-way.

# RADAR REFLECTORS

Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

# CAUTION

# BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES

For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

# CAUTION

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

# INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

Project Depths 9 feet Caloosahatchee River, FL to Anclote

The controlling depths are published periodically in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners.

Distances
The Waterway is indicated by a magentaline.
Mileage distances shown along the Waterway
are in Statute Miles, based on zero northward
from junction with the Okeechobee Waterway,
and are indicated thus:
Tables for converting Statute Miles to International Nautical Miles are given in U.S.Coast
Pillots 4 and F.

its 4 and 5. Courses are TRUE and must be CORRECTED

for any variation and compass deviation

# CAUTION

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# CAUTION

SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES
Charted submarine pipelines and submarine
cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:

Pipeline Area

Cable Area

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# CAUTION

CAUTION

Limitations on the use of radio signals as aids to marine navigation can be found in the U.S. Coast Guard Light Lists and National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency Publication 117.

Radio direction-finder bearings to commercial

broadcasting stations are subject to error and should be used with caution.

Station positions are shown thus:

(Accurate location) o(Approximate location)

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Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.

## WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

All craft should avoid areas where the skin divers flag, a red square with a diagonal white stripe, is displayed.

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# CAUTION

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Tables for converting Statute Miles to International Nautical Miles are given in U.S. Coast Pilots 4 and 5.
Courses are TRUE and must be CORRECTED for any variation and compass deviation.

# CAUTION

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A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but smply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

# CAUTION

# WARNING CONCERNING LARGE VESSELS

The 'Rules of the Road' state that recreational boats shall The 'Rules of the Road' state that recreational boats shall not impede the passage of a vessel that can navigate only within a narrow channel or fairway. Large vessels may appear to move slowly due to their large size but actually transit at speeds in excess of 12 knots, requiring a great distance in which to maneuver or stop. A large vessel's superstructure may block the wind with the result that saliboats and saliboards may unexpectedly find themselves unable to maneuver. Bow and stem waves can be hazardous to small praft. Large vessels may not be able to see small craft

May/05; Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

# (ABRIDGED)

Motorless craft have the right-of-way in almost all cases. Sailing vessels and motorboats less than sixty-five feet in length shall not hamper, in a narrow channel, the safe passage of a vessel which can navigate only inside that

A motorboat being overtaken has the right-of-way

Motorboats approaching head to head or nearly so should pass port to port. When motorboats approach each other at right angles or obliquely, the boat on the right has the right-of-way in most

cases. Motorboats must keep to the right in narrow channels when

safe and practicable.

Mariners are urged to become familiar with the complete text of the Rules of the Road in U.S. Coast Guard publication "Navigation Rules."

# NOTE A

NOTE A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S.
Coast Pilot 5. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the
regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander,
7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Florida, or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville

Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

# NOTE A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S Coast Pilot 5. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are pub-lished in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Florida, or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville, Elegido. Florida.

Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

# HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions ref-erred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 1,272" northward and 0.680" eastward to agree with this

# **AUTHORITIES**

Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, Geological Survey, and U.S. Coast Guard.

# **FACILITIES**

Locations of public marine facilities are shown by large magenta numbers with leaders and refer to the facility tabulation.

This chart has been corrected from the Notice to Mariners (NM) published weekly by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Local Notice to Mariners (LNM) issued periodically by each U.S. Coast Guard district to the dates shown in the lower left hand corner.

MARINE WEATHER FORECASTS

 
 MARINE WEATHER FURELOAD'S
 TELEPHONE NUMBERS
 OFFICE HOURS

 Melbourne, FL
 (321) 255-0212
 8:00 AM-4:00 PM (Mon-Fri)
 (321) 255-0212 (305) 229-4522 24 Hours daily Kev West, FL (305) 295-1316 \*(813) 645-2506 8:00 AM-4:00 PM (Mon-Fri)

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS CITY STATION FREQ. MHz Fort Myers, FL WXK-83 162.475 BROADCAST TIMES 24 Hours daily Venice, FL WWG-59 162.40 24 Hours daily

# WEATHER RULES FOR SAFE BOATING

# Before setting out:

- Check local weather and sea conditions.

  Obtain the latest weather forecast for your area from radio broadcasts.

When warnings are in effect, don't go out unless you are confident your boat can be navigated safely under forcast conditions of wind and sea.

- 1. Keep a weather eve out for:

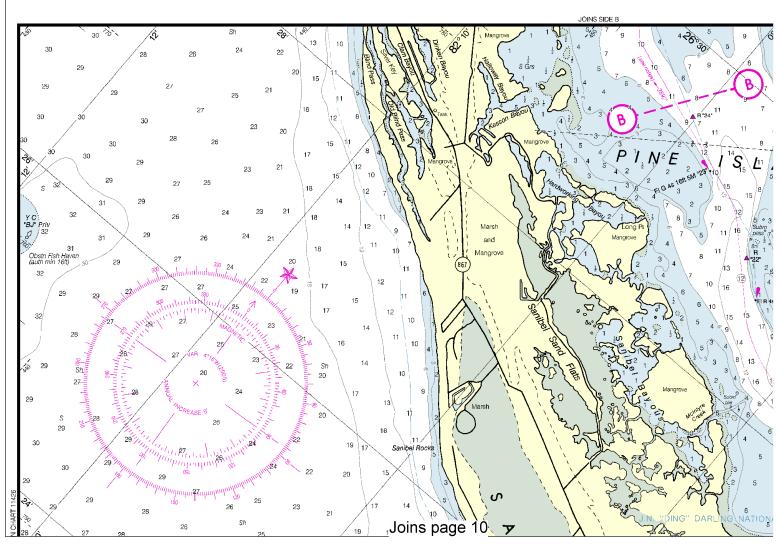
- A. A sudden vertical cumulus cloud development
   B. A sudden change in wind direction
   C. A sudden noticeable increase in wind velocity
- A sudden incircease increase in wind vericity
   A drop in temperature
   Be alert to heavy static on your AM radio which may indicate approaching thunderstorms
   Check radio weather broadcasts for latest forcasts and warnings

Thundersqualls often occur on warm, moist afternoons and are a great infundersquaits often occur on warm, moist afternoons and are a great hazard to the mariner. They can have wind gusts up to 80 mph and hit almost without warning. To survive a squall, you must prevent being capsized or blow to leeward into danger.

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THE LOCATIONS OF THE ABOVE FUBLIC MARINE FACILITIES ARE SHOWN ON THE CHARIT BY LARSE MAGENTA NUMBERS. THE TRAULATED 'APPROACH-FEET (REPORTED)" IS THE DEPTH AVAILABLE FROM THE MEAREST NATURAL OR OREDGED CHANNEL TO THE FACILITY. THE TABULATED 'PLANING STATION' IS DEFINED AS FACILITIES AVAILABLE FOR PLANING OUT BOAT HOLDING TANKS.









MARINE FACILITIES ARE SHOWN ON THE CHART BY LARGE MAGENTA NUMBERS.
DI' IS THE DEPTH AVAILABLE FROM THE NEAREST NATURAL OF DREDGED CHANNEL

# RULES OF THE ROAD (ABRIDGED)

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# CAUTION

# WARNING CONCERNING LARGE VESSELS

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# HURRICANE

Hurricanes, tropical cause considerable da navigation and moored in unknown locations.
Charted soundings, c

reflect actual conditions navigation may have been have been moved from t extinguished or otherwinot rely upon the position Wrecks and submerged from charted locations. or moved.

Mariners are urged mar ners are urged to requested to represent the hazards to navigation unit.

CONTINUED ON CHART 11426 ige CAUTION O 100 NOTE J Exclusive of dredged char hydrography north of Sanibe Matlacha Pass is from surve to 1900. HELL Reckems NOTE C Strong cross currents are especially during ebb of spring daybeacons "2A" and "8". G '15' 🗖 10 Stake PA 10 10 G'I Island 10 10 SrJ ... G 57 8 QR 16h 3M 13 G 10 Joins page 11 7 FIG 4s 16ft 4M '5'

> This BookletChart was reduced to 75% of the original chart scale. The new scale is 1:53333. Barscales have also been reduced and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart.

# CAUTION

# SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES

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Pipeline Area Cable Area

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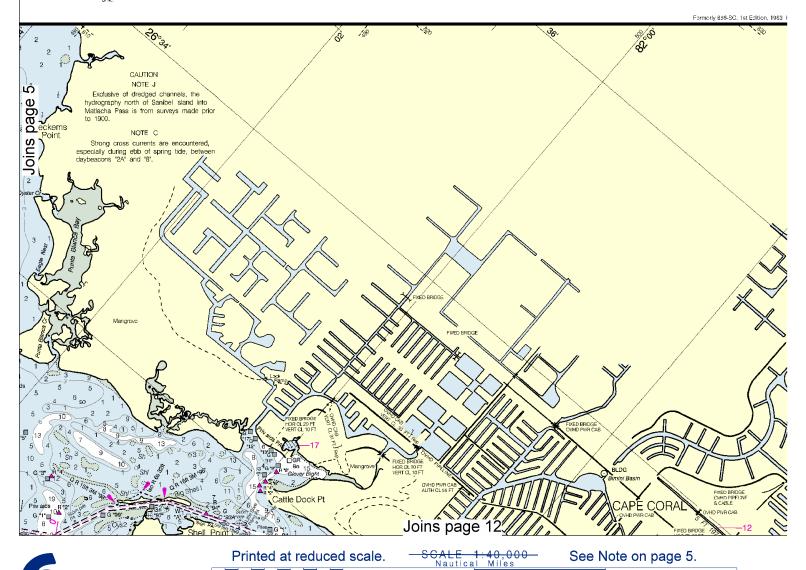
# HURRICANES AND TROPICAL STORMS

Hurricanes, tropical storms and other major storms may cause considerable damage to marine structures, aids to navigation and moored vessels, resulting in submerged debris in unknown locations.

Charted soundings, channel depths and shoreline may not

Charted soulmoings, channer agents and snorfeline may not reflect actual conditions following these storms. Fixed alids to navigation may have been damaged or destroyed. Buoys may have been moved from their charted positions, damaged, sunk, extinguished or otherwise made inoperative. Mariners should not rely upon the position or operation of an aid to navigation. Wrecks and submerged obstructions may have been displaced from charted locations. Pipelines may have been despected from charted locations.

Mariners are urged to exercise extreme caution and are requested to report aids to navigation discrepancies and hazards to navigation to the nearest United States Coast Guard



1000 0

Yards

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3000

4000

5000

# ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The National Ocean Service acknowledges the receptional cooperation received from members of the Cape Coral, Sanibel-Captiva and San Carlos Bay Power Squadrons, District 22, United States Power Squadrons for continually providing essential information for revising this chart.

# CAUTION BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES

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Project Depths

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distinguish them from aids marking other water-

When following the Intracoastal Waterway When following the Intracoastal Waterway westward from the Callossahatchee River to Anclote, FL, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side of the vessel.

A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigat on as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

Joins KAPP 366 260,40 page 8° 38 X8 NOTE B The daybeacons are private and positions are approximate. O TOWER Н 67A 8 8 "3" A "4" A "4 SO R 6s FI R 4s 15ft 7 R Iso R 6s FI R 4s 15ft 4 32ft C 3M 54 FORT. G 11 □ G<sub>1113</sub> G '9'<sub>□</sub> 3 <sup>∠</sup>G 7<u>~</u>▲ R 8\* Joins page 13

This BookletChart has been updated with: Coast Guard Local Notice To Mariners: 0710 2/16/2010, NGA Weekly Notice to Mariners: 0910 2/27/2010,

Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners: n/a.



# OKEECHOBEE WATERWAY

Project Depths

8 feet St. Lucie River to Fort Myers via Route 1 and 6 feet via Route 2.

10 feet Fort Myers to Punta Rassa.

12 feet Por Myers to Pulha Rassa.
12 feet Pulha Rassa to Guif of Mexico.
Lockage service is provided continuously from 6:00 A.M. to 10:00 P.M. EST, daily.
The controlling depths are published periodically in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners.

Distances

The Waterway is indicated by a magenta line. Mileage distances shown along Waterway are in Statute Miles, based on zero westward from junction with the Atlantic Intracoostal Waterway in St. Lucie Intel (11428, Side A), and are indicated thus:

Tables for converting Statute Miles to International Nautical Miles are given in U.S. Coast Pillos 4 and 5.

Courses are TRUE and must be CORRECTED for any compass deviation and variation.

# OKEECHOBEE WATERWAY AIDS

The U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts and the exact meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is

consulted.

Aids to navigation marking the Okeechobee Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other waterways.

When following the Okeechobee Waterway westward from St Lucie Inlet to Fort Myers, Florida, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starrboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow servers should he kept on the cost side. and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side

A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Okeechobee Waterway.

# PLANE COORDINATE GRID (based on NAD 1927)

The Florida State Grid, west zone, is indicated on this chart at

10,000 foot intervals thus:

The last three digits are omitted.

# NOTE A

Notice A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S.

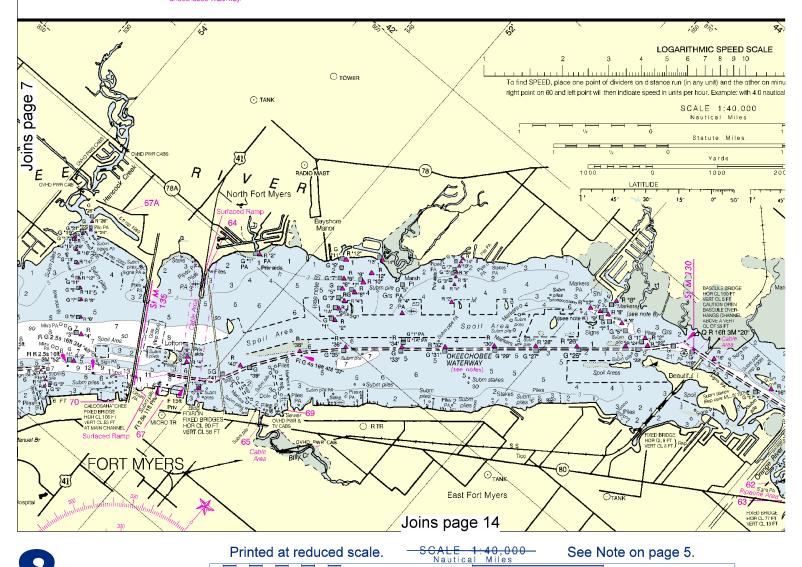
Coast Pilot 5. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Florida, or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonv IIe,

Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

# NOTE K

Numerous submerged piles have been reported in this area.

This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for Improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.



Yards

2000

3000

4000

5000

1000

1/2 0



# CALITION

Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

# CAUTION

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

## CALITION

Small craft should stay clear of large commercial and government vessels even if small craft have the right-of-way. All craft should avoid areas where the skin

All craft should avoid areas where the skin divers flag, a red square with a diagonal white stripe, is displayed.

# AIDS TO NAVIGATION

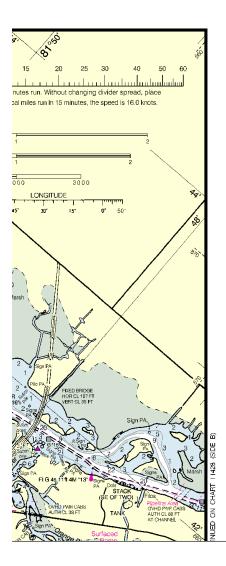
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

# RADAR REFLECTORS

Fadar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

# WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.





# NAUTICAL CHART 11427

INTRACOASTAL - OKEECHOBEE WATERWAYS

# **FLORIDA**

# FORT MYERS TO CHARLOTTE HARBOR AND WIGGINS PASS

Chart 11427, 34th Ed., May/05 ■ Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

Published at Washington, D.C.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
COAST SURVEY

Mercator Projection at Scale 1:40,000

North American Datum of 1983 (World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

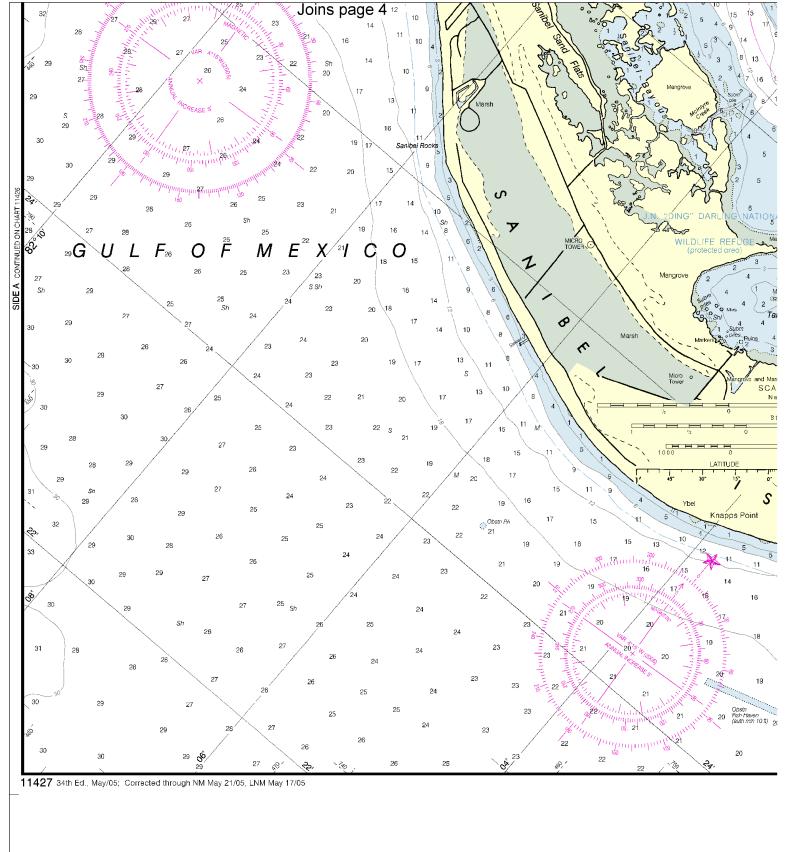
HEIGHTS

Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

AUTHORITIES

Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Joins page 15 yeast Guard.





CAUTION

Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

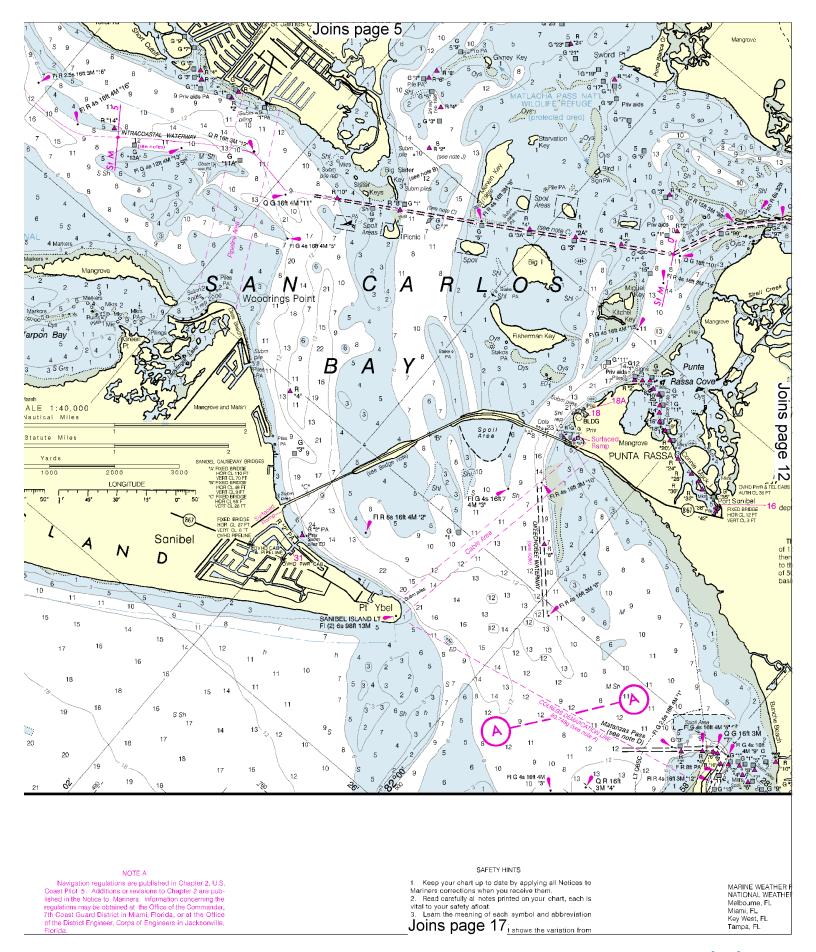
CAUTION

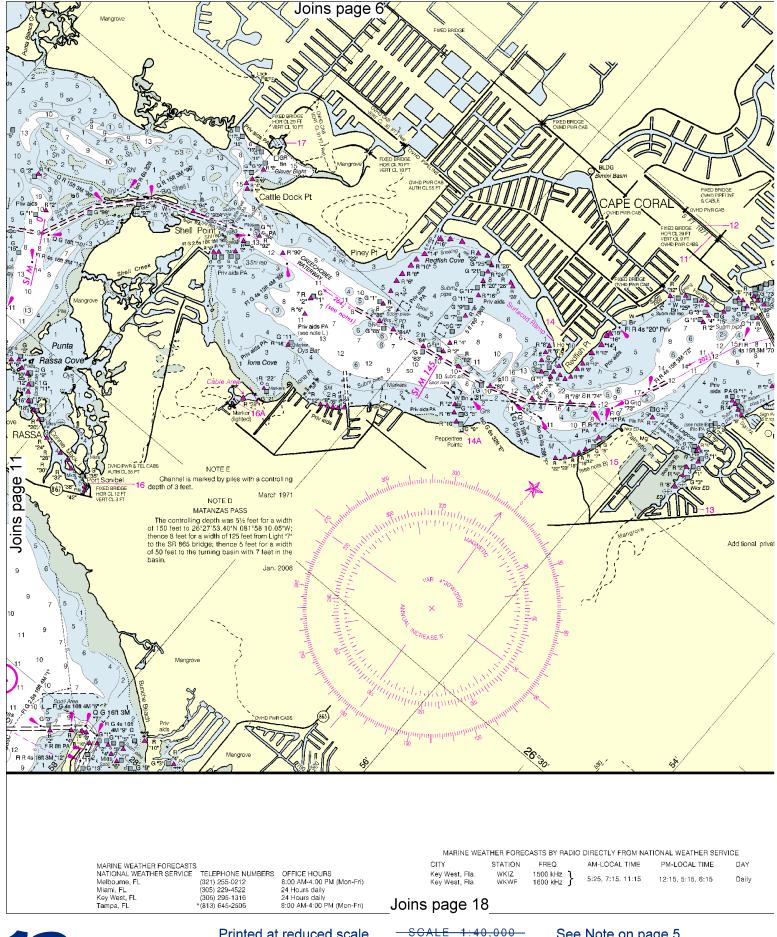
Improved channels shown by broken lines are

INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY
Project Depths

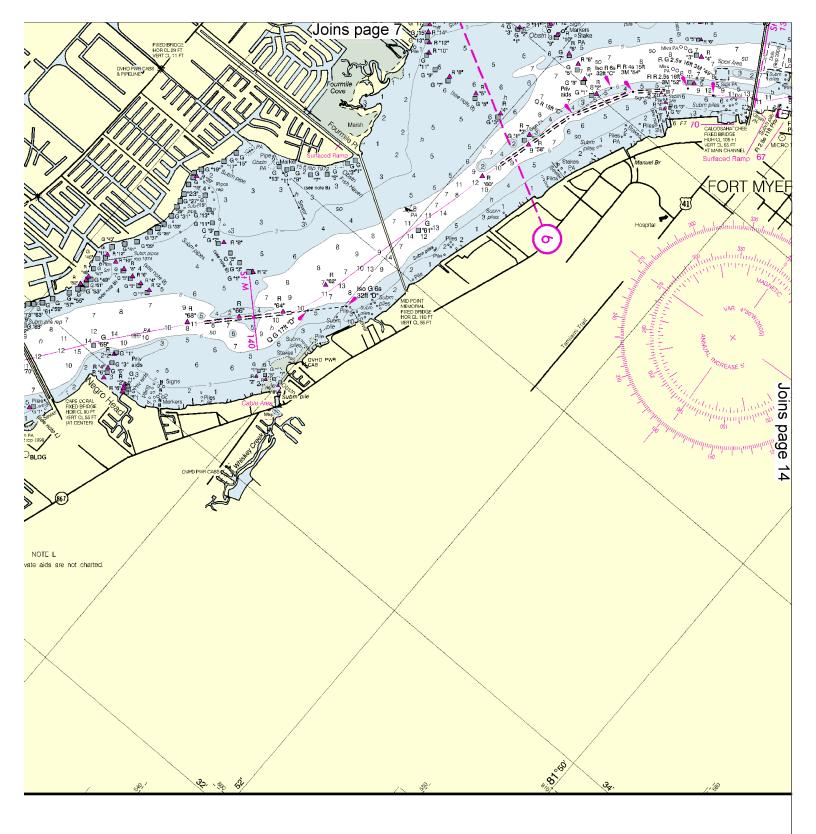
Joins page 16 loosahatchee River, FL to Anclote











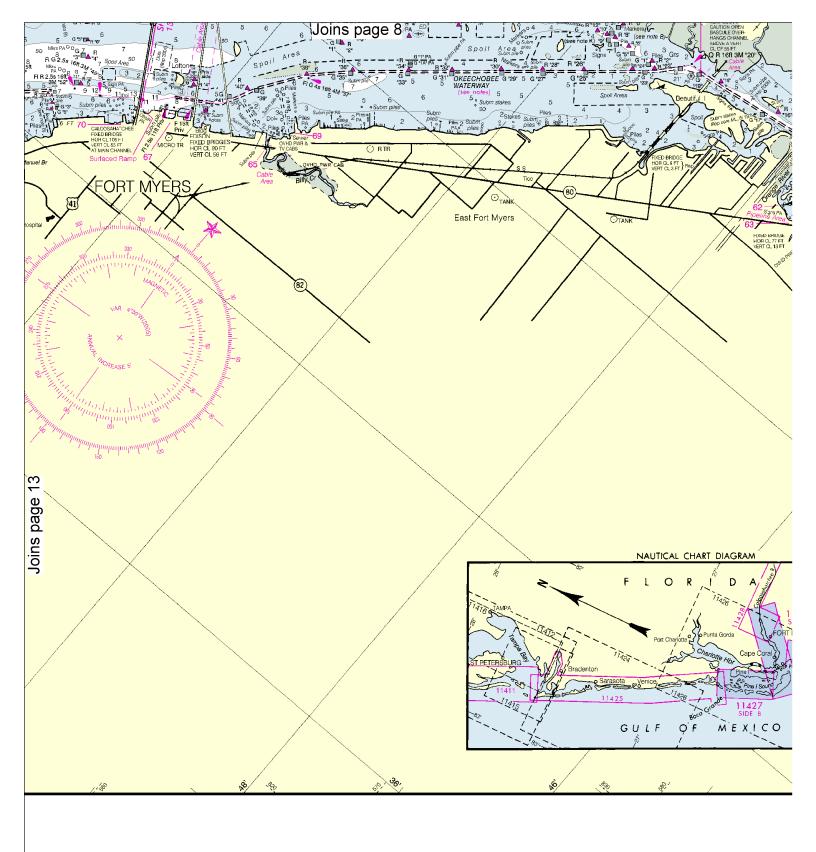
WEATHER RULES FOR SAFE BOATING

Before setting out:

Check local weather and sea conditions.
 Obtain the latest weather forecast for your area from radio broadcasts.

When warnings are in effect, don't go out unless you are confident your

MAY 2005	JUNE 2005	JULY 2005	AUGUST 2005
Time Ht. Time Ht. Day h.m. ft. Day	Time Ht. Time Ht. Day h.m. ft. Day	Day Ht. Time 4t, Day h.m. ft.	Time HI, Time Ht, Day h.m. ft.
1 0241 -0.3 6 0230 0.1 Su 1908 2.2 M 1518 1.5 1338 1.4 1922 1.9	1 0325 0.5 16 0236 0.7 W 1008 2.0 15 0858 2.0 1635 0.6 1552 0.7 2235 1.6 2154 1.5	1 0296 1.2 16 0130 1.3 F 0924 2.4 Se 0812 2.4 1730 0.1 1629 0.2	I 1023 2.5 16 0940 2.8 M 1904 0.0 To 1829 -0.3
Joins page	19400 0.8 17 0312 1.0 5 032 2.2 5 032 2.1 1654 0.3	2 1902 2.5 17 0858 2.5 Sa 1825 -0.1 Su 1736 -0.1	2 1118 2.6 17 1054 2.9 Tu 1943 -0.1 W 1919 -0.3



ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.

Predicted times and heights of high and low water-Fastern Standard Time. For Desight Saving time, add hour.

To predict local lide, apply the time difference lated in the bothly tobulations to these ide predictions.

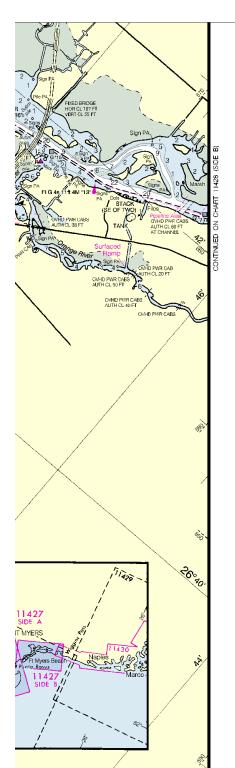
	1 104		Luuu		
H.	Time Day h.m.	нг. 71.	Time Day h.m.	Ht.	Time Day
1.3 2.4 0.2	I 1023 M 1904	2.5	16 0940 Tu 1829	2.8	1 0218 Th 0543 1206 1943
2.5		2,6 0.1	17 1054 W 1919	2.9	2 0220 F 0629 1247

ALIGUET 2005

SEPTEMBER 2005				OCTOBER 2005				NOVEMBER 2005				DECEMBER 2005			
Day	Ht. ft.	Time Day h.m.	Ht.	Uay h.n.	HI.	Time Uey h.m.	HI.	Time Day h.m.	Ht.	T me Day h.m.	Ht.	Time Day h.m.	Ht.	Day Day	Ht.
Th 0543 I	.7 .4 .5	16 0135 F 0553 1208 1927	1.8 1.2 2.8 0.1	1 0104 Sa 0627 1242 1915	1.9 0.9 2.4 0.6	16 0037 Su 0654 1317 1903	2.2 0.4 2.2 0.9	DC13 Tu 0730 1414 1656	2.3 0.0 1.9	16 0022 W 08 9 1549 1836	2.6 0.5 1.5	1 0803	3.6	16 0027 F 0855	-c.5
F 0629 I	.7	17 0145 Sa 0849 1305	1.9 0.9 2.7	2 0108 Su 0705 1322	2.0	17 0052 M 0740 1413	2.4	2 0032 W 0809 1505	-0.2	17 0049 Th 0901	2.7	Joins	S	oag	e 2

		2006	WARCH			Y 2006	BRUAF	FEE		JANUARY 2006				
Day	Ht.	Time Day h.m.	HL.	Time Day h.m.	H.	Time Dey h.m.	HI.	Time Uay h.m.	Ht.	Time Uay h.m.	Ft.	Time Day h.m.		
Sa O	1.7 0.3 1.8 0.0	16 0235 Th 0839 1429 2109	2.0	1 0227 W 0904 1510 2117	1.7 0.0 1.6 0.2	16 0319 Th 0949 1555 2206	0.3 -0.5 0.5	1 0317 W 1018 1843 2221	2.1 -0.5 1.1 0.8	15 0152 M 0946 1646 2033	2.6 -1.0 1.2 1,1	I 0110 St 0936 1733 1941		
2 0 50 0	0.5	17 0320 F 0856 1447	0.2	2 0326 Th 0927 1531	1.5 0.2 1.7	17 0408 F 1009 1014	0.0 1.7	2 0420 Th 1045 1705	2.0 -0.4	17 0236 Tu 1014 1653	2.5 -0.8 1.2	2 0207 N 1019 1740		

Pr	rinted at red	uced scale.	- <del>S C</del>	ALE 1:40,0 lautical Mile	<del>)00</del>	See Note of	on page 5.	
	16			-		2		3
1	72	0		Yards				3
	1000	0	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	



Joins page 9

Chart 11427, 34th Ed., May/05 ■ Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

Published at Washington, D.C U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE COAST SURVEY

Mercator Projection at Scale 1:40,000

North American Datum of 1983 (World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.ncaa.gov.

HEIGHTS

Heights in feet above Mean High Water

# AUTHORITIES

Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, Geological Survey, and U.S. Coast Guard.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 5 for important supplemental information.

# HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considerd equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WG\$ 84). Geographic opsitions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 1.272" northward and 0.880" eastward to agree with this chart.

# POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

# CAUTION

This chart has been corrected from the Notice to Mariners (NM) published weekly by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Local Notice to Marinors (LNM) issued periodically by each U.S. Coast Guard district to the dates shown in the lower left hand corner.

ABBREVIATIONS (For complete list of Symbols and Abbreviations, see Chart No. 1.) Aids to Navigation (lights are white unless otherwise indicated):

R TR radio tower Rot rotating s seconds AERO aeronautical G green
IQ interrupted quick
Iso isophase
LT HO lighthouse
M nautical mile
m minures
MICRO TR microwave tower
Microwaver tower Al alternating B black Bn beacon N nun OBSC obscured Oc occulting SEC sector Or orange Q quick R red Ra Rof radar rofloctor C can St. M. statute miles DIA diaphone F fixed FI flashing VQ very quick W white Mkr marker WHIS whistle R Bn radiobeacon Y yollow Bottom characteristics: Blds boulders Co coral gy gray

so soft Sh sholls sy sticky bk broken Cy clay

Obstn obstruction PD position doubtful Subm submerged ED existence doubtful PA position approximate Rep reported .21. Wheek, rock, obstruction, or shoel sweet clear to the depth indicated.
(2) Rocks that cover and uncover, with heights in fect above datum of soundings COLREGS: International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972. Demarcation lines are shown thus: -

Locations of public marine facilities are shown by large magenta numbers with leaders and refer to the facility tabulation.





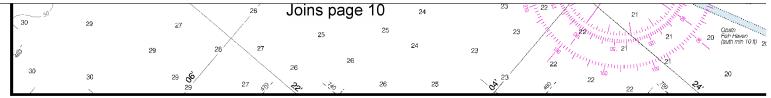
11427

CAUTION

SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES

Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:

Joins page 21



11427 34th Ed., May/05; Corrected through NM May 21/05, LNM May 17/05

# CAUTION

Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

# CAUTION

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

# CAUTION

Small craft should stay clear of large commercial and government vessels even if small

craft have the right-of-way.
All craft should avoid areas where the skin divers flag, a red square with a diagonal white stripe, is displayed.

# AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

# RADAR REFLECTORS

Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

# WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

# INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

# Project Depths

9 feet Caloosahatchee River, FL to Anclote River, FL. The controlling depths are published period-ically in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to

Marine's.

Distances
The Waterway is indicated by a magentalline.
Mileage distances shown along the Waterway
are in Statute Milles, based or zero northward
from junction with the Okeechobee Waterway, and are indicated thus: 
Tables for converting Statute Miles to Inter-

national Nautical Miles are given in U.S.Coast Pilots 4 and 5.

Courses are TRUE and must be CORRECTED for any variation and compass deviation

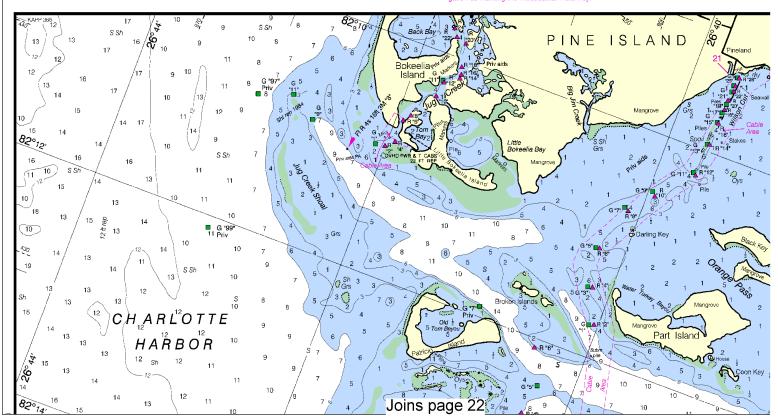
# INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS

The U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts, and the exact

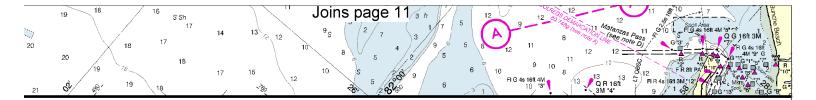
meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is consulted. Aids to navigation marking the Intracoastal Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other water-

ways.
When following the Intracoastal Waterway westward from the Caloosahatchee River to Anclote, FL, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side of the vessel.

A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.



CALE 1:40,000 Nautica<u>l Miles</u> Printed at reduced scale. See Note on page 5. Yards 1000 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000



# NOTE A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 5. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mainters, information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Florida, or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville, Florida.

\*\*Peter to charted regulation section numbers.

Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

# PLANE COORDINATE GRID

(based on NAD 1927)

The Florida State Grid, west zone, is in-

# CAUTION

# BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES

For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

# SAFETY HINTS

- 1. Keep your chart up to date by applying all Notices to Mariners corrections when you receive them.
  2. Read carefully all notes printed on your chart, each is vital to your safety afloat.
  3. Learn the meaning of each symbol and abbreviation on your chart from Chart No. 1.
  4. The compass on your chart shows the variation from the north however, you must also correct your bearing for the deviation of your boat.
  5. Constantly use your chart from the beginning to end of each trip. Keep in mind the orientation of your boat with respect to the chart.
  6. Maintain your position on the chart by rolating charted
- Maintain your position on the chart by relating charted features with those you can identify in your surroundings.

MARINE WEATHER F NATIONAL WEATHER Melbourne, FL Miami El Key West, FL Tampa, FL

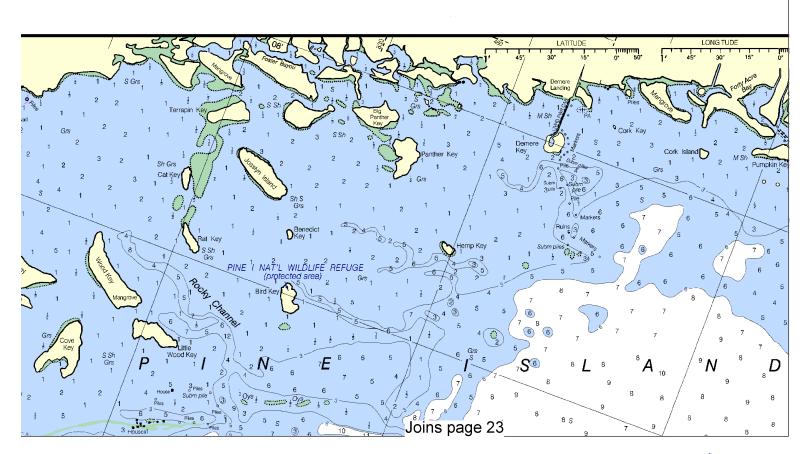
\*Recorded

NOAA WEATHER RAI CITY ST Fort Myers, FL W Vonice, FL W

PUBLIC

Auxiliary (USCG boating instruc States. For infor following source USPS Loc Office Box 304 USCGAUX – 33130, 305-35 D.C. 20593-001

 $\frac{1}{\infty}$ 



MARINE WEATHER FORECASTS NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE TELEPHONE NUMBERS OFFICE HOURS (321) 255-0212 8:00 AM-4:00 PM (Mon-Fri) (305) 229-4522 24 Hours daily Melbourne, FL Miami El Key West, FL Tampa, FL (305) 295-1316 \*(813) 645-2506 8:00 AM-4:00 PM (Mon-Fri)

\*Recorded

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS

FREQ. MHz 162.475 162.40 STATION WXK-83 WWG-59 BROADCAST TIMES Fort Myers, FL 24 Hours daily 24 Hours daily Venice, FL

# PUBLIC BOATING INSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

The United States Power Squadrons (USPS) and U.S. Coast Guard Auxliary (USCGAUX), national organizations of boatmen, conduct extensive boating instruction programs in communities throughout the United States. For information regarding these educational courses, contact the

States For information regarding these educational burses, contact the following sources:

USPS Local Squadron Commander or USPS Headquarters, Post Office Box 30423, Raleigh, N.C. 27612, 919-821-0281.

USCGAUX — 7th Coast Guard District, 51 Southwest Ave., Miami, FL 33130, 305-350-5697 or USCG Headquarters (G-BUA), Washington, D.C. 20593-0001.

MARINE WEATHER FORECASTS BY RADIO DIRECTLY FROM NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

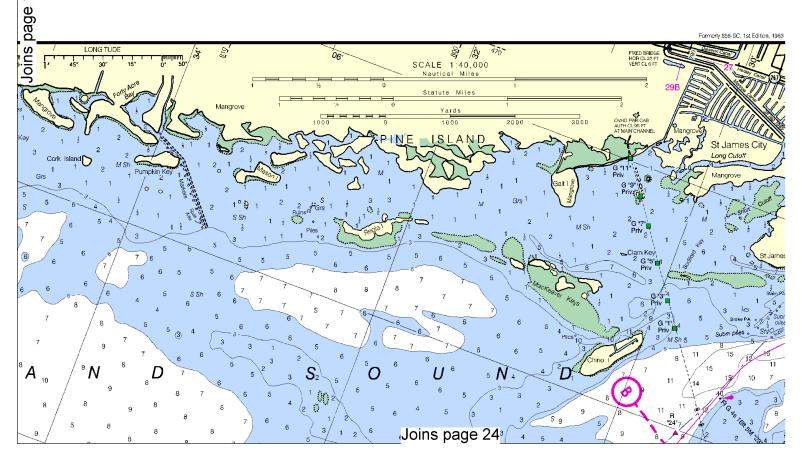
CITY STATION FREQ. AM-LOCAL TIME PM-LOCAL TIME DAY Key West, Fla 1500 kHz 5:25. 7:15. 11:15 12:15, 5:15, 6:15 Daily 1600 kHz } Key West, Fla. WKWF

# BROADCASTS OF MARINE WEATHER FORECASTS AND WARNINGS

BY MARINE RADIOTELEPHONE STATIONS

CITY STATION FREQ. DAILY BROADCAST-EST SPECIAL WARNING St. Petersburg, Fla NMA-21 †2670 kHz 9:20 AM & 10:20 PM On receipt 8:00 AM & 6:00 PM +157.1 MHz On receipt

†Preceded by announcement on 2182 kHz +Preceded by announcement on 156.8 MHz Distress calls for small craft are made on 2182 kHz or channel 16 (156.80 MHz) VHF.





# WEATHER RULES FOR SAFE BOATING

Before setting out

- Check local weather and sea conditions.
   Obtain the latest weather forecast for your area from radio broadcasts.

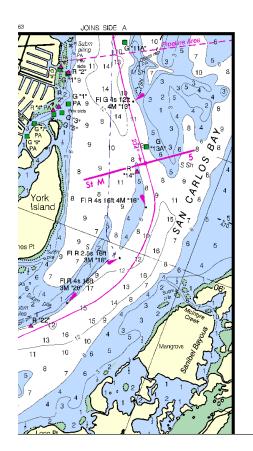
When warnings are in effect, don't go out unless you are confident your boat can be ravigated safely under forcast conditions of wind and sea.

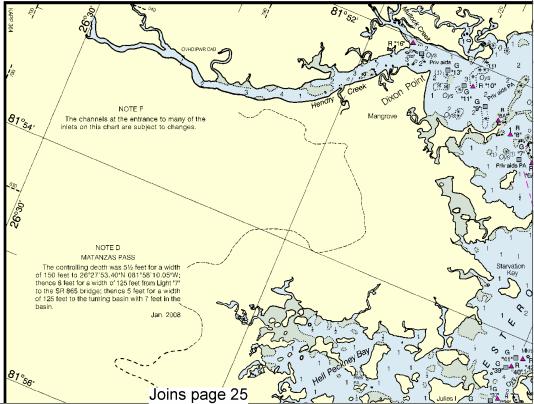
# While afloat:

- Keep a weather eye out for:
   A. A sudden vertical cumulus cloud development
   B. A sudden change in wind direction
   C. A sudden noticeable increase in wind velocity
- D. A drop in temperature
  D. Be alert to heavy static on your AM radio which may indicate approaching thunderstorms
  Check radio weather broadcasts for latest forcasts and warnings

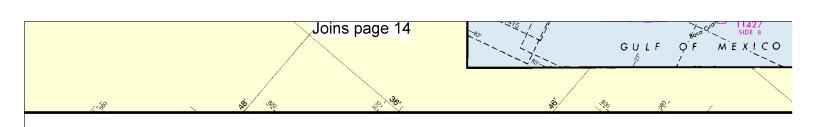
Thundersqualls often occur on warm, moist afternoons and are a great hazard to the mariner. They can have wind gusts up to 80 mph and hit almost without warning. To survive a squall, you must prevent being capsized or blow to leeward into danger.

MAY 2005	JUNE 2005	JULY 2005	AUGUST 2005
Day Day Doy h.m. ft.	Time Ht. Time Ht. Day Day Day	Time Ht. Time Ht. Day h.m. It. Day	Time HI, Time Ht. Day h.m. fl. Day
1 0241 -0.3 8 0230 0.1 Su 1908 2.2 M 1618 1.5 1338 1.5 1322 1.9	1 0325 0.5 16 0236 0.7 w 1008 2.0 Th 0858 2.0 1635 0.6 1552 0.7 2235 1.6 2154 1.5	1 0295 1.2 15 0130 1.3 F 0924 2.4 Se 0812 2.4 1730 0.1 1629 0.2	1 1023 2.5 16 0940 2.8 M 1904 0.0 Tu 1829 -0.3
2 0341 -0.2 7 0217 0.3 M 1122 1.8 7 1025 1.6 1500 1.3 1517 1.2 2050 2.0 2051 1.8	2 0400 0.8 17 0312 1.0 TH 1082 2.2 F 0925 2.1 1738 0.3 1654 0.3 2335 1.5	2 1002 2.5 17 0658 2.5 Sa 1825 -0.1 Su 1738 -0.1	2 1118 2.6 17 1054 2.9 Tu 1942 -0.1 W 1919 -0.3
3 0429 0.0 8 0357 0.4 Tu 1129 1.7 W 1036 1.7 1636 1.0 1527 0.9 2925 1.9 2217 1.7	3 0006 1.5 18 0343 1.2 F 0430 1.0 5e 0955 2.3 1056 2.4 1749 0.0	3 1042 2.6 18 0953 2.7 Su 1911 -0.2 M 1636 -0.3	3 1205 2.6 18 0257 1.6 W 2015 -0.1 Th 0524 1.5 1156 3.0 2002 -0.3
4 0508 0.3 9 0433 0.6 W 1143 1.9 - 1 1048 1.9 1741 0.6 2333 1.6	4 0124 1.4 19 0109 1.5 Sc 0455 1.2 Sc 0409 1.4 1121 2.5 1028 2.6 1914 -0.2 1842 -0.3	4 1121 2.6 19 1051 2.9 M 1952 -0.2 Tu 1931 -0.5	4 0343 1.5 19 0303 1.6 Th 0611 1.4 F 0632 1.3 1246 2.7 1256 3.0 2044 0.0 2039 -0.2
5 0539 0.5 20 0503 0.8 Th 1138 2.1 F 1104 2.1 1833 0.2 1209 0.2	5 0238 1.4 20 1107 2.8 5 0513 1.3 M 1933 -0.5 1147 2.6 1954 -0.3	5 1200 2.7 20 1149 3.0 Tu 2030 -0.2 W 2021 -0.6	5 0345 1.5 20 0314 1.7 F 0700 1.3 5a 0733 1.1 1324 2.7 2109 0.1 2112 0.1
6 0049 1.7 21 0040 1.6 F 0504 0.8 50 0530 1.0 1214 2.3 1918 -0.1 1253 -0.1	6 1215 2.7 21 1151 2.9 N 2034 -0.3 Tu 2025 -0.6	6 1240 2.7 21 1246 3.1 W 2105 -0.2 Th 2107 -0.5	6 0350 1.6 21 0329 1.8 55 0748 1.2 50 0832 0.0 1403 2.6 1448 2.7 2134 0.2 2141 0.4
7 0148 1.6 22 0144 1.6 Se 0625 1.0 50 0551 1.2 1231 2.4 1146 2.5 1959 -0.2 1938 -0.4	7 1246 2.7 22 1240 3.0 Tu 2113 -0.3 W 2117 -0.7	7 1321 2.7 22 0445 1.5 Th 2139 -0.1 F 0703 1.4 1343 3.1 2149 -0.4	7 0357 1.6 22 0346 2.0 Su 0635 1.1 M 0631 0.7 1445 2.5 1546 2.4 2155 0.3 2206 0.7
8 0246 1.4 23 0254 1.5 50 0642 1.1 M 0606 1.4 1251 2.5 2040 -0.3 2026 -0.5	5 1322 2.7 23 1333 3.1 w 2154 -0.2 Th 2208 -0.6	8 1403 2.7 23 0457 1.5 F 2211 -0.1 Se 0617 1.3 1442 2.9 2226 -0.2	8 0411 1.8 23 0407 2.2 M 0924 1.0 Tu 1036 0.5 129 2.4 148 2.0 2222 0.5 2228 1.0
9 0346 1.4 M 0853 1.2 1315 2.6 2120 -0.3	9 1404 2.7 24 1432 3.0 Th 2236 0.2 F 2257 0.5	9 0525 1.4 24 0513 1.6 5e 0820 1.3 5u 0928 1.1 1448 2.5 1542 2.5 2243 0.0 2300 0.1	9 0429 1.9 24 0433 2.3 Tu 1014 0.9 W 1133 0.4 1519 2.2 1758 1.7 2246 0.7 2243 1.2
10 0453 1.3 28 1334 2.9 Tu 0637 1.2 W 2212 -0.6 2344 2.6 2204 -0.3	10 1450 2.6 25 0849 1.5 F 2318 -0.1 Se 0853 1.4 1325 2.6 2343 -0.3	10 0537 1.5 25 0532 1.8 50 0922 1.3 81 1039 1.0 1535 2.5 1646 2.3 2314 0.1 2331 0.5	10 0451 2.1 25 0503 2.5 W 1108 0.7 Th 1243 0.4 1716 2.0 1330 1.5 2398 0.9 2238 1.4
11 1418 2.6 26 1425 2.9 W 2251 -0.2 h 2310 -0.6	11 1541 2.5 26 0702 1.5 Se Su 1027 1.3 1542 2.5	11 0553 1.6 26 0555 2.0 M 1024 1.2 Tu 1154 0.8 1027 2.3 1754 1.9 2344 0.3 2357 0.8	II 0516 2.2 26 0539 2.5 Th 1209 0.6 F 1404 0.4 1824 1.7 2327 1.1
12 1459 2.5 Th 2344 -0.2 F	12 0000 0.0 27 0025 0.0 56 0728 1.5 M 0723 1.7 1008 1.4 1200 1.2 1038 2.3 1754 2.1	12 0613 1.6 27 0622 2.2 Tu 1131 1.1 W 1313 0.8 1724 2.0 1916 1.6	12 0545 2.3 27 0524 2.5 F 1322 0.5 Se 1535 0.3 1956 1.5 2390 1.3
13 1549 2.4 28 0009 -0.4 F 5e 1631 2.6	13 0041 0.1 26 0103 0.3 W 0747 1.6 Tu 0747 1.9 1142 1.3 1323 1.0 1740 2.1 1915 1.8	13 0018 0.5 28 0017 1.1 W 0636 1.9 Th 0655 2.3 1243 0.9 1438 0.5 1831 1.8 2124 1.4	13 0622 2.4 28 0727 2.4 5e 1447 0.3 5u 1657 0.3
14 0040 -0.1 Se 1848 2.3 Su 0910 1.5 1126 1.4 1748 2.3	14 0120 0.3 29 0137 0.7 Tt 0810 1.7 W 0816 2.1 1216 1.2 1502 0.7 1852 1.9 2057 1.5	14 0042 0.8 29 0020 1.3 Th 0703 2.1 F 0734 2.4 1359 0.7 1603 0.3	14 0713 2.5 29 0654 2.4 Su 1613 0.1 M 1757 0.2
15 0137 0.0 30 0159 0.0 5u 1759 2.1 M 0923 1.6 1335 1.3 1915 2.0	15 0159 0.5 30 0268 1.0 w 0833 1.8 Th 0849 2.3 1441 1.0 1523 0.4 2016 1.7 2307 1.4	15 0109 1.0 30 0022 2.5 F 0734 2.2 Se 1717 0.1 1516 0.5 2152 1.4	15 C622 2.6 30 1020 2.5 M 1728 -0.1 Tu 1842 0.1
31 0245 0.2 0 0944 1.8 1515 1.0 2502 1.7		31 0921 2.5 \$e 1917 0.0	31 0220 1.7 W 0445 1.8 1122 2.5 1916 0.1





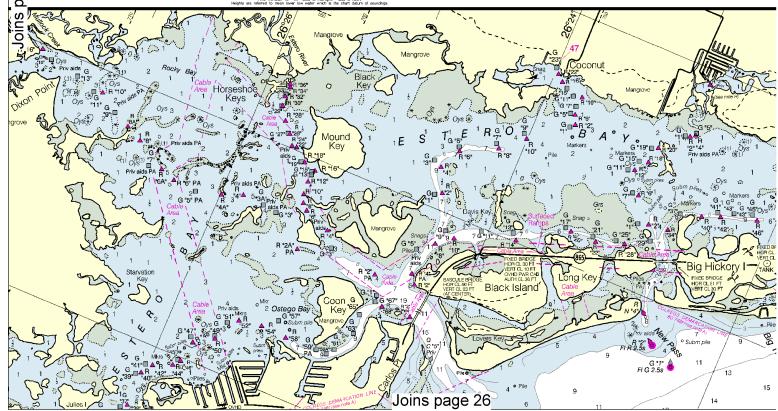
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ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.

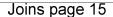
				Predicted F To p	imes and heights of hig redict local tide, apply	h and low water-Faste	SBURG, FLA. rn Standard Time. For Daylight Saving time, . I in the facility tabulations to these lide prad	add hour. ictions.
	AUGUS	T 2005	SEPTEM	BER 2005	остов	ER 2005	NOVEMBER 2005	DECEMBER 2005
⊣t,	Time HI.	Time Ht.	Time Ht	Liav	Time H1. Usy	Time H1.	Time Ht. Time Ht.	Time Ht. Time Ht.
1.3 2.4 0.2	h.m. (1. 1 1023 2.5 M 1904 0.0	16 0940 2.8 To 1829 -0.3	1 0218 1.7 Th 0543 1.4 1206 2.6	16 0135 1.8 F 0553 1.2 1208 2.8	1 0104 1.9 Sa 0627 0.9 1242 2.4	16 0037 2.2 Su 0554 0.4 1317 2.2	0C13 2.3 16 0022 2.6 Tu 0730 0.0 W 08 9 -0.5 1414 1.9 1549 1.5	1 0903 -0.6 16 0027 2.5 Th F 0855 -C.7
2.5	2       8   2.6 	17 1054 2.9 W 1919 -0.3	1943 C.2 2 0220 1.7 F 0629 1.3 1247 2.6 2006 C.3	1927 0.1 17 0145 1.9 Sa 0649 0.9 1305 2.7 1958 0.4	2 0108 2.0 Su 0705 0.7 1322 2.3 1935 0.8	1903 0.9 17 0052 2.4 M 0740 0.1 1413 2.1 1925 1.1	1856 1.3 1836 1.4 2 0092 2.5 17 0049 2.7 W 0809 -0.2 Th 0901 -0.5 1506 1.0 1912 1.4	2 0024 2.7 17 0105 2.4 F 0850 -0.7 5e 0934 -C.8
2.7 -0.3	3 1205 2.6 W 2016 -0.1	18 0257 1.5 Th 0524 1.5 1156 3.0 2002 -0.3	3 0223 1.7 Sa 0711 1.1 1324 2.0 2026 C.4	IB 0157 2.0 Su 0741 0.6 1359 2.5 2023 0.7	3 0116 2.1 M 0742 0.5 1402 2.2 1954 1.0	18 0110 2.5 Tu 9825 -0.1 1510 1.9 1944 1.3	3 0055 2.6 18 01 9 2.7 Th 0851 -0.3 F 0944 -0.4 1809 1.7 1925 1.5	3 DIG6 2.7 IB 0146 2.4 Sa D940 -0.7 Su 1014 -C.5
-0.5	4 0343 1.5 Th 0611 1.4 1246 2.7 2044 0.0	19 0303 1.6 F 0632 1.3 1256 3.0 2039 -0.2	4 0228 1.8 Su 0751 0.9 1401 2.5 2047 0.6	19 0212 2.2 M 0832 0.4 1455 2.3 2045 0.9	4 0129 2.3 Tu 0820 0.3 1446 2.1 2012 1.1	19 0132 2.7 W 0910 -0.2 1612 1.7 1957 1.5	4 0125 2.7 19 0154 2.6 F 0939 -0.3 Sa 1030 -0.3 1727 1.6 1935 1.5	4 0155 2.7 19 0233 2.3 Su 1034 -0.7 W 1052 -0.4 1628 1.2 2106 1.1
3.0 -0.6	5 0345 1.5 F 0700 1.3 1324 2.7 2109 0.1	20 0314 1.7 Sa 0733 1.1 1352 2.9 2112 0.1	5 0238 2.0 M 0831 C.8 1442 2.4 2108 C.7	20 0231 2.4 Tu 0922 0.2 1553 2.1 2105 1.2	5 0147 2.4 W 0859 0.2 1536 2.0 2030 1.3	20 0156 2.7 Th 0956 -0.1 1723 1.6 2003 1.5	5 0203 2.8 20 0296 2.5 Se 1033 -0.3 Su 1121 -0.2	5 0252 2.6 20 0324 2.1 M 1126 -0.5 Tu 1131 -C.3 I 124 1.3 2221 1.1
3.1 -0.5	6 0350 1.6 Sp 0748 1.2 1403 2.6 2134 0.2	21 0329 1.8 Su 0932 0.9 1448 2.7 2141 0.4	6 0253 2.1 Tu 0913 C.6 1527 2.2 2178 C.9	21 0264 2.5 W 1013 0.2 1857 1.8 2118 1.4	6 0209 2.8 Th 0943 0.1 1634 1.8 2045 1.4	21 0226 2.7 F 1047 -0.1	8 0249 2.8 21 0327 2.4 So 1135 -0.3 M 12 4 0.0	6 0356 2.4 21 0420 1.9 Tu 1222 -3.4 W 1200 -C.1 2003 1.4 904 1.4 2310 1.3 2341 1.6
1.5 1.4 3.1 -0.4	7 0357 1.6 Su 0835 1.1 1445 2.5 2158 0.3	22 0346 2.0 M 0931 0.7 1546 2.4 2206 0.7	7 0313 2.3 W 0957 C.5 1619 2.0 2147 1.1	22 0321 2.6 Th 1108 0.2 1814 1.6 2120 1.5	7 0238 2.7 F 1034 0.0 1749 1.7 2056 1.5	22 0301 2.7 Sa 1144 0.1	7 0347 2.7 22 0429 2.2 M 1245 -0.2 Tu 1308 0.1 2107 1.4 2333 1.3	7 0514 2.1 22 0523 1.7 W 1312 -0.1 Th 1245 C.1 202E 1.5 1927 1.5
1.5 2.9 -0.2	8 0411 1.8 M 0924 1.0 1529 2.4 2222 0.5	23 0407 2.2 Tu 1030 0.5 1848 2.0 2228 1.0	8 0336 2.4 Th 1046 C.4 1718 1.6 2203 1.3	23 0352 2.6 F 1211 0.2	8 0314 2.7 Se 1135 0.0	23 0345 2.5 Su 1252 0.2	8 0501 2.5 23 0545 2.0 W 1400 0.2 2122 1.5	8 0103 1.1 23 0105 C.8 Th 0642 1.6 F 0636 1.4 1401 0.2 1321 C.3 2051 1.7 1952 1.8
1.6 1.1 2.5 0.1	9 0429 1.9 Tu 1014 0.9 1519 2.2 2246 0.7	24 0433 2.3 W 1133 0.4 1758 1.7 2243 1.2	9 0405 2.5 F 1145 C.3 1837 1.6 2213 1.4	24 0431 2.6 Sp 1328 0.3	9 0359 2.7 Su 1253 0.1	24 0444 2.4 M 1405 0.3	9 0535 2.2 24 0140 1.3 W 1459 0.1 Th 07 3 1.9 2227 1.7 1447 0.4 2140 1.6	9 0242 0.7 24 0226 C.6 F 0024 1.5 50 0805 1.2 F 1444 0.5 1357 C.6 2116 1.9 2019 1.7
1.8 1.0 2.3 0.5	W 1108 0.7 1716 2.0 2308 0.9	25 0503 2.5 Th 1243 0.4 1930 1.5 2238 1.4	10 0441 2.6 Sa 1300 C.3	25 0522 2.5 Su 1457 0.4	10 0500 2.6 M 1420 0.1	25 0611 2.2 Tu 1515 0.3 2347 1.6	10 0240 1.4 25 03 0 1.0 Th 0820 2.0 F 0848 1.8 151 0.3 1529 0.5 2242 1.8 2157 1.7	10 0405 0.3 25 0338 C.3 Sa 1016 1.3 Su 0956 1.1 1522 0.6 1432 C.6 2147 2.1 2049 1.9
2.0 0.8 1.9 0.8	11 0516 2.2 Th 1209 0.6 1824 1.7 2327 1.1	26 0539 2.5 F 1404 0.4	11 0528 2.6 Su 1431 C.2	26 0643 2.3 M 1618 0.4	II 0627 2.5 Tu 1539 D.I	26 0156 1.5 W 9757 2.1 1609 0.4 2329 1.7	1 0407 1.0 28 04 7 0.7 F1002 1.8 Sa 1021 1.5 1634 U.5 1697 0.7 2259 2.0 22 5 1.9	11 0511 0.0 26 0440 0.0 Su 1204 1.3 H 1157 1.1 1557 1.0 H 1505 1.0 2217 2.2 2122 2.0
2.2 0.8 1.6	12 0545 2.3 F 1322 0.5 1956 1.5 2396 1.3	27 0624 2.5 Se 1535 0.3	12 0636 2,6 M 1801 C,1	27 0832 2.3 Tu 1716 0.3	12 0615 2.4 W 1642 D.1	27 0339 1.4 Th 0935 2.0 1651 0.5 2334 1.8	12 0512 0.5 27 05 0 0.4 5a 1126 1.8 5u 1139 1.5 1709 0.8 1640 0.9 2318 2.2 2234 2.0	12 0606 -0.4 27 0534 -C.3 M 1332 1.3 Tu 2159 2.2 1627 1.2 2246 2.4
2.3 0.5 1.4	18 0622 2.4 Se 1447 0.3	38 0727 2.4 Su 1657 0.3	13 0810 2.6 Tu 1714 C.0	26 0105 1.7 W 0345 1.6 1008 2.3 1757 0.3	13 0007 1.8 Th 0354 1.5 0954 2.4 1729 0.2	28 0444 1.1 F 1049 2.0 1724 0.6 2341 1.9	13 0506 0.1 26 0555 0.0 Su 1240 1.8 M 1246 1.5 1798 1.0 1708 1.1 2338 2.4 2255 2.2	13 0653 - J.6 20 0625 - C.6 Tu 1449 1.3 W 2240 2.3 1652 1.2 2319 2.4
Ö	14 0713 2.5 Su 1613 0.1	29 C854 2.4 M 1757 0.2	14 0946 2.7 W 1808 -C.1	29 0058 1.7 Th 0455 1.4 1112 2.4 1829 0.4	14 0013 1.9 F 0506 1.1 1114 2.4 1807 0.4	29 0533	14 0653 -0.2 29 0637 -0.2 M 1344 1.7 Tu 1346 1.5 B 1803 1.2 1732 1.3 2359 2.5 2320 2.4	14 0736 -0.7 29 0714 -0.8 W 2352 2.5 Th 2326 2.5
~	15 0822 2.6 м 1728 -О.1	30 1020 2.5 Tu 1842 0.1	15 0130 1.8 Th 0447 1.5 1104 2.8 1851 C.0	30 0100 1.8 F 0545 1.2 1201 2.4 1853 0.5	15 0024 2.0 58 0603 0.7 1219 2.4 1939 0.6	30 0614 0.5 59 1238 2.0 1816 0.9 2359 2.2	15 0737 -0.4 30 07 9 -0.5 Tu 1445 1.6 W 1451 1.5 1823 1.3 1749 1.4 2349 2.5	15 0816 -3.7 30 0802 -C.B
age		31 0220 1.7 W 0445 1.6 1122 2.5 1916 0.1				31 0652 0.2 M 1325 1.9 1937 1.1		31 0016 2.5 Se 0850 -1.0
ြင္ပ							D is midnight. 1200 is noon. ster which is the chart datum of soundings.	

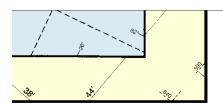
JANU	RY 2006	FEBRUAR	RY 2006	MARCH 2006	
Time Ht	. Time Ht.	Time H1.	Time H1. Dev	Time Ht. Time Ht.	Day
h.m. ft	h.m. It.	h.m. [1.	h.m. [1.	him ft. him ft.	Uay,
1 0110 2.6 St 0935 -1.0 1733 1.2 1941 1.1	15 0152 2.1 M 0945 -0.5 1646 1.1 2033 0.8	1 0317 2.0 W 1018 -0.3 1643 1.5 2221 0.3	15 0319 1.7 Th 0949 0.0 1555 1.6 2206 0.2	1 0227 2.0 16 9235 1.7 W 0904 - 0. Th 0839 0.3 1510 1.7 1429 1.8 2117 0.0 2109 0.0	Sa 06
2 0207 2.5 M 1019 -0.8 1740 1.2 2058 1.0	17 0236 2.0 Tu 1014 -0.4 1053 1.2 2127 0.7	2 0420 1.7 Th 1045 0.0 1705 1.7 2328 0.1	17 0408 1.5 F 1009 0.2 1014 1.7 2256 0.0	2 0326 1.7 17 0320 1.5 Th 0927 0.2 F 0856 0.5 1531 1.9 1447 2.0 2213 -0.2 2150 -0.1	2 OF Su OF 15 2:
3 0307 2.3 Tu 1100 -0.6 1803 1.3 2215 0.9	18 0323 1.9 W 1040 -0.2 1710 1.3 2223 0.6	3 0528 1.3 F 1105 0.3 1732 1.9	19 C503 1.3 Se 1025 0.4 1637 1.9 2350 -0.1	3 0429 1.4 18 0410 1.4 F 0945 0.5 Se 0912 0.7 1556 2. 1510 2.1 2313 -0.3 2235 -0.2	3 H
4 0412 2.1 W 1137 -0.3 1823 1.5 2335 0.7	19 0414 1.7 Th 1105 0.0 1729 1.5 2321 0.5	4 (042 -0.1 Sa 0551 1.0 1113 0.6 1803 2.0	19 0609 1.1 Su 1035 0.7 1704 2.0	4 0540 1. 19 0509 1.2 Se 0954 0.7 Su 0924 0.8 1528 2.2 1536 2.2 2328 -0.3	4 0 Tu 11
5 0523 1.7 TF 1210 0.0 1846 1.8	20 0511 1.4 F 1129 0.2 1751 1.6	5 0204 -0.2 Su 1841 2.1	20 0057 -0.1 N 0747 6.9 1025 0.8 1736 2.0	5 0019 -0.3 20 0625 1.1 5u 0721 0.9 M 0926 1.0 0932 0.8 1609 2.2 1700 2.2	5 02 W 16
6 0100 0.4 F 0643 1.3 1240 0.4 1917 1.8	21 0026 0.3 Se 0618 1.2 1149 0.5 1816 1.7	6 0334 -0.4 M 1929 2.1	21 0219 -0.2 Tu 1821 2.1	6 0137 -0.3 21 0035 -0.3 M 1742 2.2 Tu 1651 2.3	6 0: Th 16
7 0228 0.1 Se 0831 1.0 1302 0.7 1951 2.0	22 0137 0.1 Su 0747 1.0 1159 0.7 1845 1.8	7 0458 -0.5 Tu 2034 2.0	22 0346 -0.4 W 1928 2.1	7 03   -0.3   22 0 58 -0.3   Tu  938   2.   W  749   2.2	7 0° F 2
8 0352 -0.2 St 2031 2.1	23 0254 -0.1 M 1921 1.9	8 0502 -0.6 W 2150 2.0	28 0504 -0.6 Th 2057 2.1	8 0437 -0.4 23 0325 -0.4 W 2005 2.0 Th 1913 2.2	8 0: Sa 1: 10 2:
9 0505 -0.4 M 2117 2.2	24 0411 -0.3 Tu 2011 2.0	9 0851 -0.7 Th 2300 2.0	24 0604 +0.8 F 2221 2.2	9 0540 *0.4 24 0438 *0.5 Th 2147   1.9   F 2056   2.2	9 Of Su 1 2:
10 0606 -0.6 Tu 2207 2.2	25 0519 -0.6 W 2114 2.1	10 0729 -0.7 F 2353 2.1	25 0652 -0.9 Sa 1437 1.2 1721 1.1 2332 2.3	10 0825 -0.4 25 0533 -0.5 F 1421 1.3 Sa 1317 1.4 1537 1.2 1626 1.2 2303 1.9 2225 2.2	10 OF M 12
II 0656 -0.7 W 2257 2.2	28 0819 -0.8 Th 2221 2.3	11 0900 -0.6 Se 1524 1.1 1822 1.0	26 0732 -0.9 5u 1498 1.2 1827 0.9	11 0658 -0.4 26 0616 -0.5 5a 1410 1.3 Su 1313 1.4 1744 1.0 1736 U.9 2356 2.0 2337 2.2	Tu Of
12 0739 -0.0 Th 2344 2.2	27 0710 -1.0 F 2325 2.4	12 0037 2.1 Su 0824 -0.6 1523 1.1 1910 0.8	27 0033 2.3 M 0805 -0.7 1442 1.2 1926 0.6	12 0723 -0.3 27 0652 -0.3 5u 1408 1.3 M 1319 1.6 1832 0.8 1836 0.5	12 0 W 0
13 0815 -0.7 F	28 0755 -1.1 Se 1558 1.2 1801 1.1	13 0116 2.0 N 0847 -0.4 1524 1.2 1955 0.7	28 0130 2.2 Tu 0637 -0.4 1454 1.5 2021 0.3	13 0038 2.0 28 0040 2.1 M 0744 -0.2 Tu 0722 -0.1 1409 1.4 1330 1.7 1914 0.6 1928 0.1	13 D Th 0:
14 0028 2.2 Se 0848 -0.7	29 0024 2.5 Su 0836 -1.0 16C1 1.2 1910 1.0	14 0135 1.9 Tu 0908 -0.3 1528 1.3 2038 0.5		14 0117 1.9 29 0139 2.0 Tu 0802 0.0 W 9748 0.3 1409 1.5 1345 2.0 1952 0.4 2019 -0.2	14 00 F 0* 15 20
15 0110 2.2 54 0910 -0.6 1641 1.1 1930 1.0	30 0121 2.5 M 0914 -0.9 1611 1.2 2013 0.7	15 0235 1.8 W 0929 -0.2 1539 1.4 2122 0.3		15 0155 1.8 30 0287 1.7 W 0021 0.2 Th 0510 0.5 1416 1.6 1405 2.2 2031 0.2 2110 -0.4	15 00 5a 0 10 2
	31 0218 2.3 Tu 0948 -0.7 1625 1.3 2116 0.5			31 9339 1.5 F 9828 0.8 1429 2.4 2201 -0.5	















11427

	APRIL	2006	
Time	HI.	Time	Ft.
Jay h.m.	Et.	Day h.m.	ft.
1 0448 9 0838 1458 2256	1.3 1.0 2.5	15 0432 Sc 0810 1419 2224	1.4 1.1 2.5 -0.3
2 0615 2 0631 1531 2356	1.1 1.0 2.5 -0.4	17 0547 M 0819 1454 2320	1.3 1.2 2.5 -0.3
3 1610	2.4	18 1538 Tu	2.5
1 0 11	-0.3	15 0027 W 1632	-0.3 2.5
5 0236 V 1806	-0.2 2.1	2C 0142 Th 1744	-0.3 2.3
9 0354 1 1944	-0.1	21 0254 F 1917	-0.3
7 0452 : 2 29	-0.1	22 0355 Se 1143 1514 2056	-0.2 1.5 1.3 2.1
3 0534 1251 1644 2249	-0.1 1.4 1.1	23 0445 Sc 1144 1638 2226	-0.1 1.6 1.0 2.0
0605 1249 1741 2346	0.0 1.5 0.9 1.3	24 0525 M 1155 1742 2345	0.1 1.8 0.5 1.9
) 0629 # 1250 1826	0.2 1.6 0.6	25 0558 TL 1209 1835	0.4 2.0 0.1
0650 10650 1253 1904	1.8 0.4 1.7 0.3	26 0052 W 0625 1226 1926	0.7 2.3 -0.2
2 0 17 7 0709 1259 1941	1.7 0.5 1.9 0.1	27 0156 Th 0648 1247 2014	1.7 0.9 2.5 0.4
3 0 59 1 0727 1311 2018	1.7 0.7 2.1 -0.1	28 0301 F 0706 1312 2102	1.5 2.6 -0.5
1 0244 7 0743 1329 2055	0.9	29 0413 Se 0716 1341 2151	1.4 1.2 2.7 -0.5
9 0333 9 0750 1351 2 37	1.5 2.4 -0.3	3C 1415 5c 2243	2.7 -0.4
1351 2 37	2.4 -0.3	50 2243	-0.4

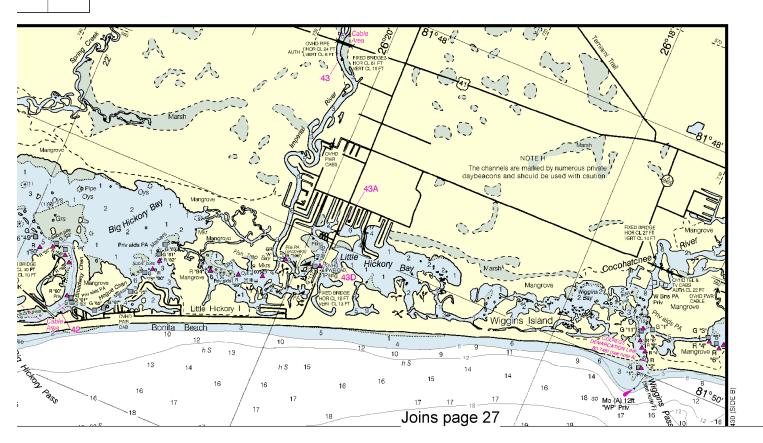
# CAUTION SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES

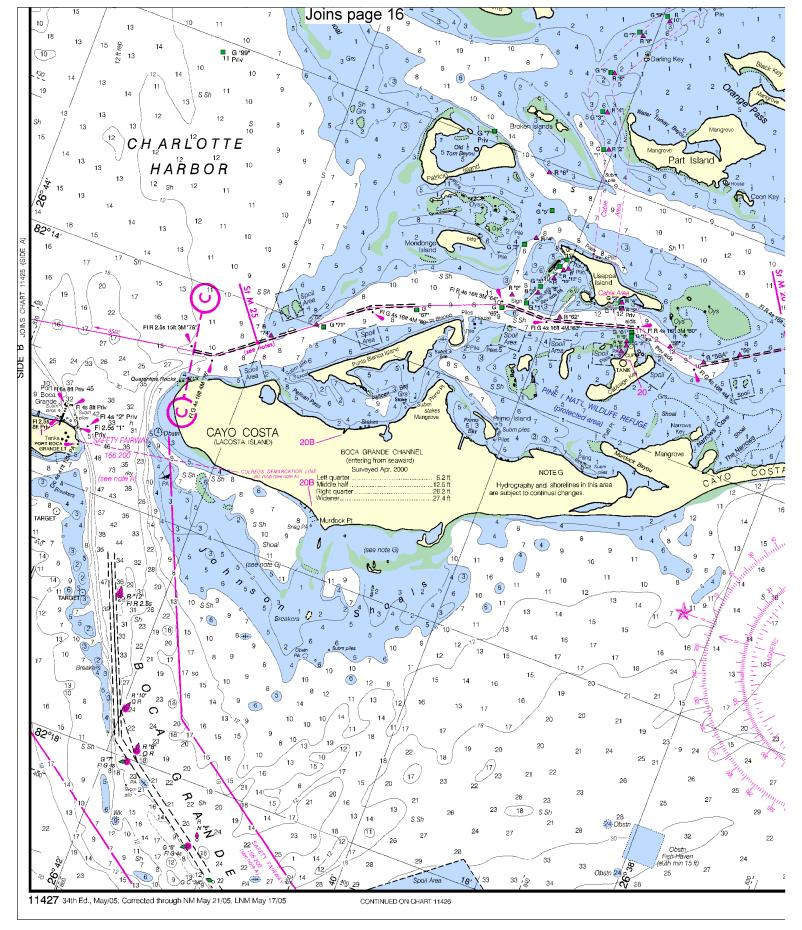
Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:

~~~~~ Pipeline Area Cable Area

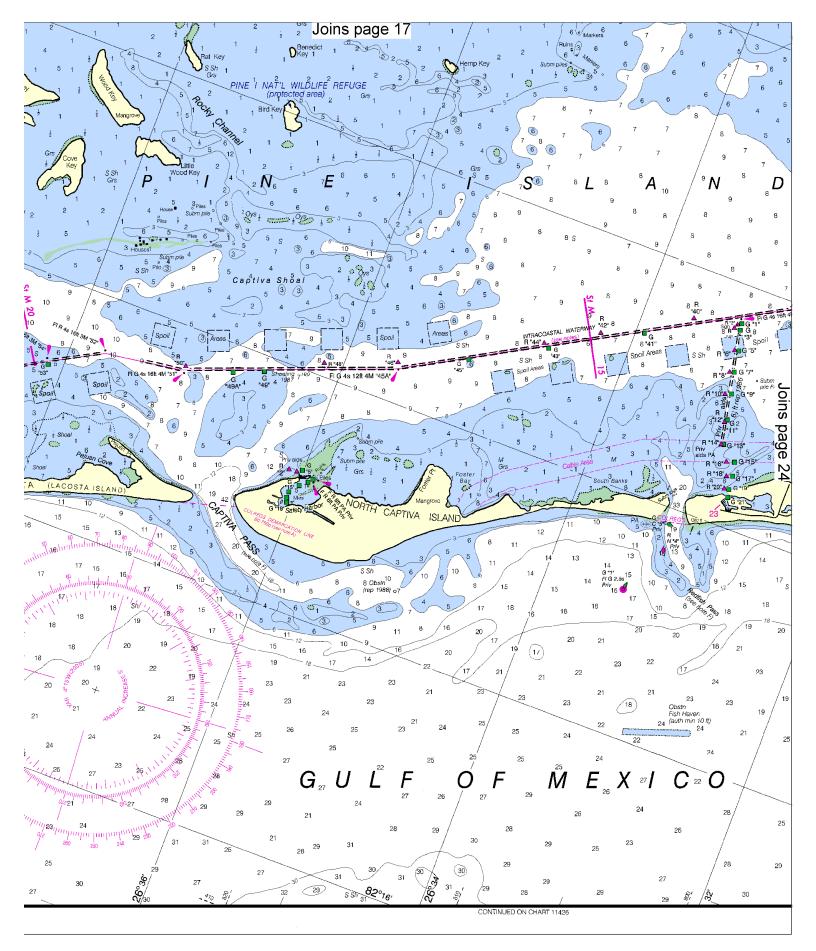
Additional uncharted submarine pipelines and submarine cables may exist within the area of this chart. Not all submarine pipelines and submarine cables are required to be buried, and those that were originally buried may have become exposed. Mar ners should use extreme caution when operating vessels in depths of water comparable to their drall in areas where pipelines and cables may exist, and when anchoring, dragging, or traw ing.

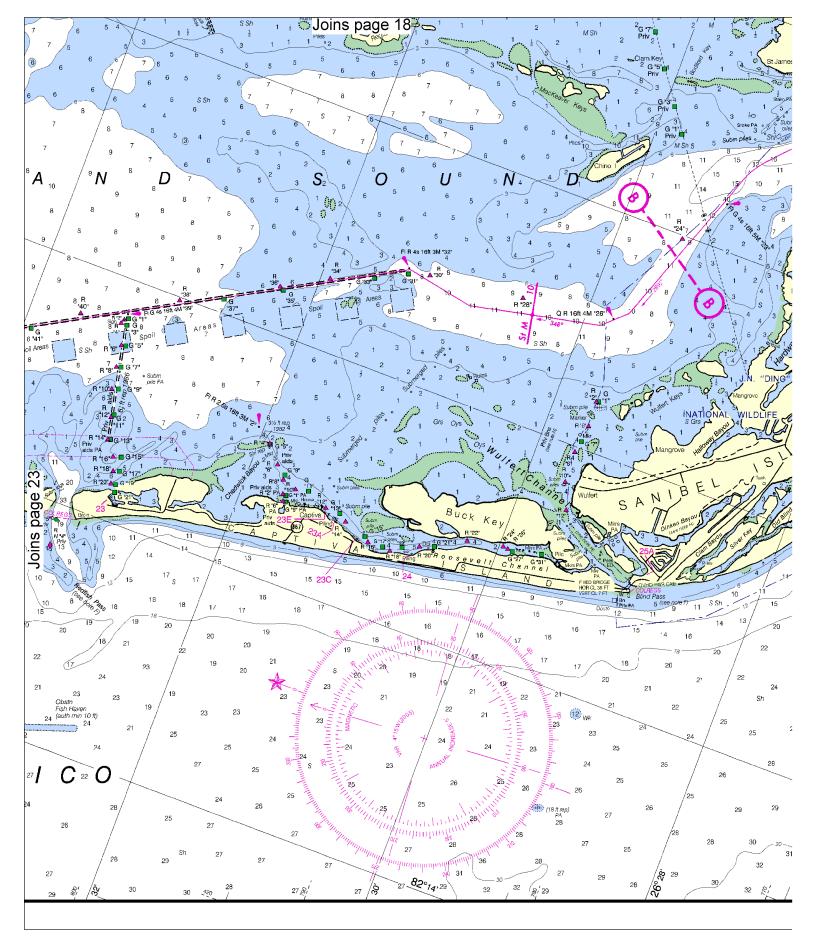
Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.



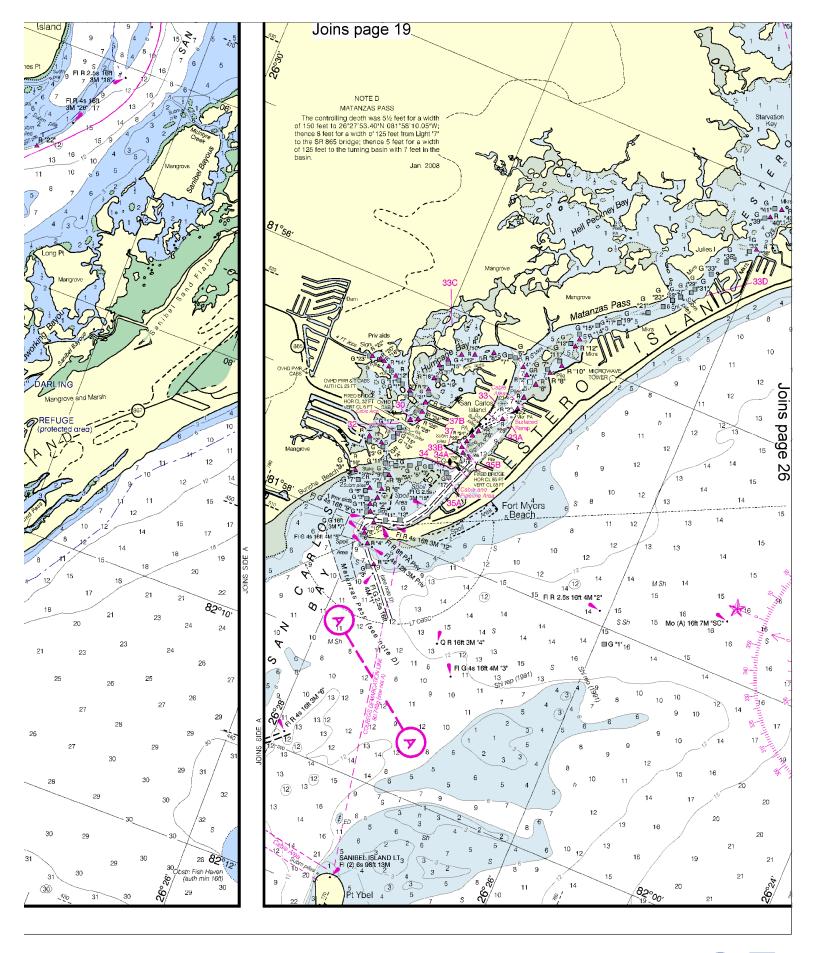


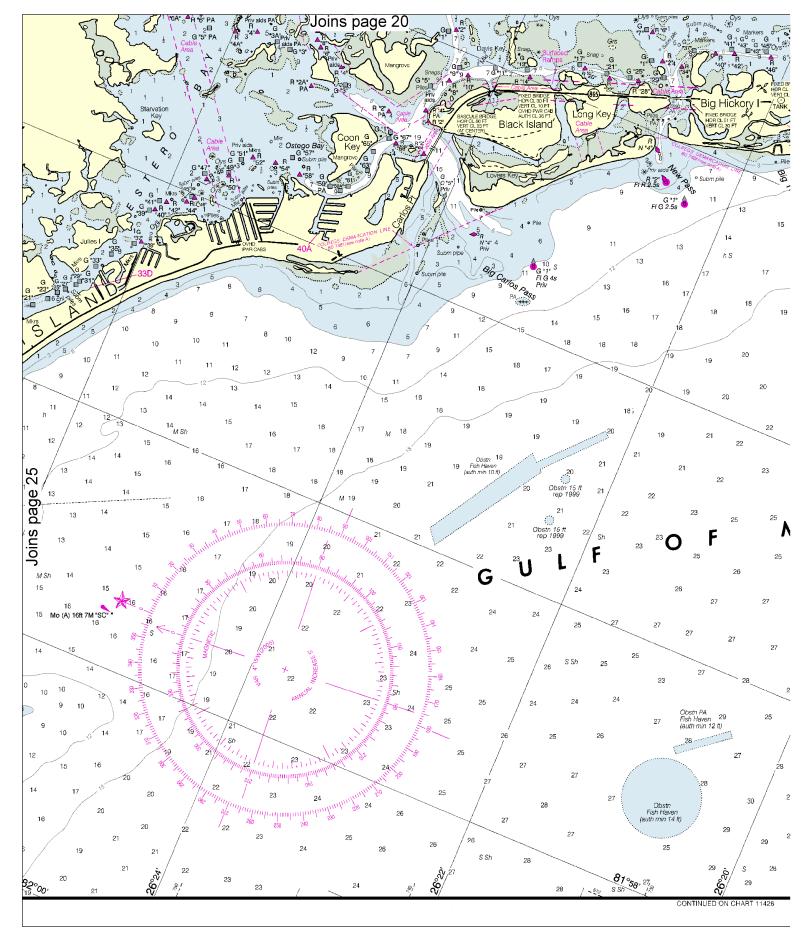






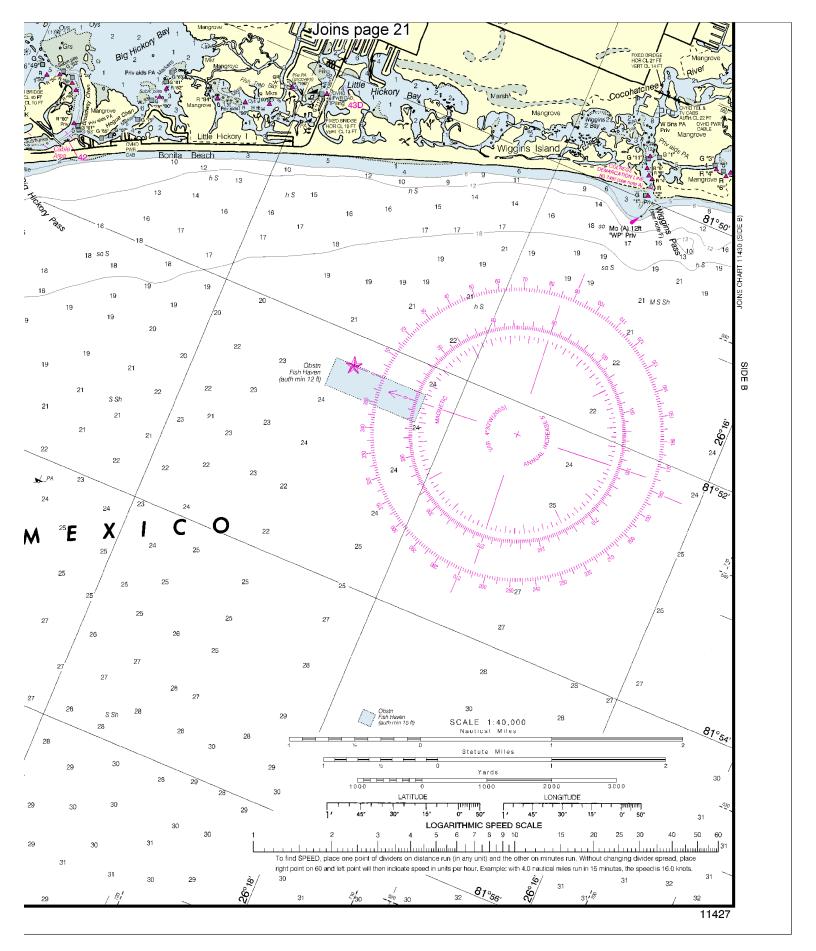












# **EMERGENCY INFORMATION**

# VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

Channel 6 – Inter-ship safety communications.

Channel 9 – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

**Channel 13** – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

# Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls

to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

**Channel 22A** – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here.

Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 & 78A – Recreational boat channels.

# **Distress Call Procedures**

- 1. Make sure radio is on.
- 2. Select Channel 16.
- 3. Press/Hold the transmit button.
- 4. Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
- Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of Emergency; Number of People on Board.
- 6. Release transmit button.
- Wait for 10 seconds If no response Repeat MAYDAY Call.

# HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS!!

**Mobile Phones** – Call 911 for water rescue.

Coast Guard Fort Myers Beach – 239-463-5754

**Fort Myers Police** – 239-334-4155

**Cape Coral Police** – 239-574-3223

**Coast Guard Cortez** - 941-794-1607

FL Fish and Wildlife Conservation Comm – 888-404-3922

Coast Guard Atlantic Area Cmd - 757-398-6390

<u>NOAA Weather Radio</u> – 162.400 MHz, 162.425 MHz, 162.450 MHz, 162.475 MHz, 162.500 MHz, 162.525 MHz, 162.550 MHz.

Getting and Giving Help – Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.



# NOAA CHARTING PUBLICATIONS

Official NOAA Nautical Charts – NOAA surveys and charts the national and territorial waters of the U.S, including the Great Lakes. We produce over 1,000 traditional nautical charts covering 3.4 million square nautical miles. Carriage of official NOAA charts is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry our commerce. They are used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters. NOAA charts are available from official chart agents listed at: <a href="https://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov">www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</a>.

Official Print-on-Demand Nautical Charts — These full-scale NOAA charts are updated weekly by NOAA for all Notice to Mariner corrections. They have additional information added in the margin to supplement the chart. Print-on-Demand charts meet all federal chart carriage regulations for charts and updating. Produced under a public/private partnership between NOAA and OceanGrafix, LLC, suppliers of these premium charts are listed at www.OceanGrafix.com.

# Official Electronic Navigational Charts (NOAA ENCs®) -

ENCs are digital files of each chart's features and their attributes for use in computer-based navigation systems. ENCs comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. ENCs and their updates are available for free from NOAA at www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

# Official Raster Navigational Charts (NOAA RNCs<sup>™</sup>) –

RNCs are geo-referenced digital pictures of NOAA's charts that are suitable for use in computer-based navigation systems. RNCs comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. RNCs and their updates are available for free from NOAA at <a href="https://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov">www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</a>.

Official BookletCharts<sup>™</sup> – BookletCharts<sup>™</sup> are reduced scale NOAA charts organized in page-sized pieces. The "Home Edition" can be downloaded from NOAA for free and printed. The Internet address is www.NauticalCharts.gov/bookletcharts.

Official PocketCharts<sup>TM</sup> – PocketCharts<sup>TM</sup> are for beginning recreational boaters to use for planning and locating, but not for real navigation. Measuring a convenient 13" by 19", they have a 1/3 scale chart on one side, and safety, boating, and educational information on the reverse. They can be purchased at retail outlets and on the Internet.

Official U.S. Coast Pilot® – The Coast Pilots are 9 text volumes containing information important to navigators such as channel descriptions, port facilities, anchorages, bridge and cable clearances, currents, prominent features, weather, dangers, and Federal Regulations. They supplement the charts and are available from NOAA chart agents or may be downloaded for free at <a href="https://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov">www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</a>.

Official On-Line Chart Viewer – All NOAA nautical charts are viewable here on-line using any Internet browser. Each chart is up-to-date with the most recent Notices to Mariners. Use these on-line charts as a ready reference or planning tool. The Internet address is www.NauticalCharts.gov/viewer.

Official Nautical Chart Catalogs – Large format, regional catalogs are available for free from official chart agents. Page size, state catalogs are posted on the Internet and can be printed at home for free. Go to <a href="http://NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov/mcd/ccatalogs.htm">http://NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov/mcd/ccatalogs.htm</a>.

Internet Sites: <a href="https://www.Noa.gov">www.Noa.gov</a>, <a href="